2022 Annual US Scrap Tire Workgroup Meeting

November 7, 2022

Brian Gaboriau,

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment



Auto-generated closed captions available upon request





Agenda

11:00 am - 11:10 am

11:10 am - 11:20 am

Opening remarks / US Scrap Tire Workgroup overview

- Brian Gaboriau, Colorado DPHE, US Scrap Tire Workgroup Chairperson

Goals Committee overview

- Channon Cohen-Denson, Ohio EPA, Goals Committee Chairperson





Agenda cont.

11:20 am - 12:10 pm

Committee updates

- Nicholas Amante, Calrecycle
- Joaquin Wright, GHD
- Kole Kennedy, Oklahoma DEQ
- Lori Freeman, Indiana Dept. of Environmental Management
- Kirsten Clements, Michigan Dept. of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy





Agenda cont.

12:10 pm - 12:30 pm

12:30 pm - 12:45 pm

12:45 pm - 1:00 pm

"2021 US Scrap Tire Management Summary"

- John Sheerin, U.S. Tire Manufacturers

"Bolder Industries - a company profile"

- Nate Murphy, Bolder Industries

Q&A session - Brian Gaboriau





Logistics

Participation options - meetings:

1)





hand"

- Phone participation:
 - Press *9 to raise hand; Press *6 to mute/unmute
- Presentations and meeting recording will be available at http://stref.org/stwg
- Mute microphone and turn off video when not speaking
- Optional: add affiliation to Zoom name





Who We Are and What We Do

- A collaboration of states, industry, trade associations, academia and other interested parties who work cooperatively to address critical scrap tire issues facing the country.
- A forum to achieve progress in eliminating barriers to scrap tire markets, encourage expansion of those markets and encourage the prevention and abatement of stockpiles.
- A forum to provide technical exchange and to share best practices.





Facts / Resources

- 124 workgroup members
- 48 of 50 states represented
- Workgroup website
 - http://stref.org/stwg
 - Website password: USSTW2022
 - Private website
 - Posting of surveys, minutes, presentations, etc.
 - Removed chat box feature
- Archives, mailing list, document control
- Emailing the group questions/answers. Use current list on website or contact me to distribute.
- We are a networking group!





Committees

- Goals Channon Cohen-Denson (OH)
- Civil Engineering Joaquin Wright (CA)
- Ground Rubber Nicholas Amante (CA)
- Rubber Modified Asphalt Kirsten Clemens (MI)
- Tire Derived Fuel & Export Kole Kennedy (OK)
- Enforcement Lori Freeman (IN)





Next Steps

- Future meetings / conference calls
- Initiatives:
 - Into The Outdoors documentary done in early 2023
 - Scrap Tire Beneficial Use Information Sheets
 (Tire-derived Aggregate sheet now available on the website)





Thank you!

Thank you for your continued support of the workgroup!

Brian Gaboriau

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

4300 Cherry Creek Drive South

Denver, CO 80246

303-692-2097

brian.gaboriau@state.co.us







WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE GOALS COMMITTEE?

 Provide leadership, strategic planning, and direction to the USSTW.

Assist with the recruitment of new workgroup members.

 Work with individual workgroup committees on priorities, potential projects and deliverables

Address issues brought forward by USSTW members.

MEET THE GOALS COMMITTEE

- Channon Cohen-Denson, Ohio EPA
- Terry Gray, TAG Resource Recovery
- James Jennings, Illinois EPA
- Denise Kennedy, DK Enterprises
- Matt Lamb, Porous Pave Inc.
- Monte Niemi, First State Tire Recycling
- Rhonda Oyer, Michigan EGLE
- Mel Pins, IOWA DNR
- John Sheerin, USTMA
- Mary Sikora, Scrap Tire News
- Vacancy

CREATE SCRAP TIRE **BENEFICIAL USE INFORMATION SHEET**



Scrap Tire Beneficial Use Information Sheet

Tire-Derived Aggregate (TDA) Used as a Lightweight Fill Material

Economic, Environmental and Social Assets

- . May be cost effective: When compared to other fill products used in construction, such as soil, gravel, or stone, TDA costs less for the same
- Replace traditional or virgin material: The use of TDA can replace traditional or virgin materials that are used as fill
- Waste Diversion: Turning tires into TDA diverts a solid waste from landfills.
- · Repurposed: Tires that are made into TDA are repurposed which is a more favorable outcome for a solid waste material on the waste management



· Sustainable Material: For the foreseeable future, there is not a replacement for tires on vehicles. Therefore, scrap tires will always be available as a material. With this knowledge, the consideration of scrap tires as a sustainable material may factor into long-term solutions to global demands for finite virgin materials.

TDA as Lightweight Fill in Civil Engineering Applications

As a lightweight fill material, TDA has been successfully utilized in the following civil engineering applications:

Highway/Road Embankment Development and Failure Repair

For these types of projects, TDA can be used as a strong, lightweight, and free draining material. In addition to being free draining and lightweight, TDA is stronger than many soils, often making TDA fill the best option.



Subgrade fill (typically soil) should be adequate to withstand the loads acting upon it by providing strength and support, drainage and frost protection and prevent settlement. When used to construct on weak and/or compressible foundation soils, TDA brings engineering benefits by reducing the chance of shear failure, and often increasing the factor

Settlement is an engineering challenge that must be considered in the design or repair of highway/road embankments and roadway transitions to a stationary surface. TDA can be used to limit settling by decreasing the weight of the fill, resulting in a significant advantage to engineers in both cost and construction of the project

 Provides educational resources about common scrap tire technologies and applications

- Creates educational resources for Scrap Tire Workgroup members that includes list of subject matter experts, published research, applicable ASTMs and successful projects
- Creates templates that can be customized and published for a public entity's use
- Provides a peer-reviewed resource for public entity use
- Promotes scrap tire market development

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SCRAP TIRE BENEFICIAL USE INFORMATION SHEET FOR USSTW MEMBERS



Scrap Tire Beneficial Use Information Sheet

Tire-Derived Aggregate (TDA) Used as a Lightweight Fill Material

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Settlement is an engineering challenge that must be considered in the design or repair of highway/road embankments and roadway transitions to a stationary surface. TDA can be used to limit settling by decreasing the weight of the fill, resulting in a significant advantage to engineers in both cost and construction of the project.

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Scrap Tire Beneficial Use Information Sheet

Subject Matter Experts Available as a Resource to USSTW Members

- Joaquin Wright, <u>Joaquin.Wright@ghd.com</u>
- Monte Niemi, MonteMKN@firststatetire.com



Publications

Please search the following websites to find pertinent TDA research:

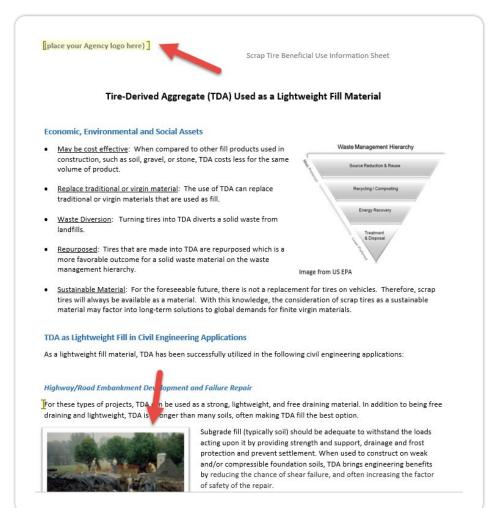
- ASTMs, Standards & Publications Products & Services (astm.org)
- Tire Engineering Research Center California Pavement Preservation Center Chico State (csuchico.edu)

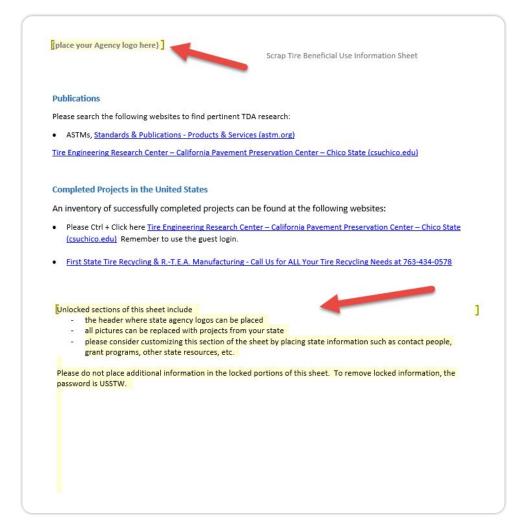
Completed Projects in the United States

An inventory of successfully completed projects can be found at the following websites:

- Please Ctrl + Click here <u>Tire Engineering Research Center California Pavement Preservation Center Chico State</u> (csuchico.edu) Remember to use the guest login.
- First State Tire Recycling & R.-T.E.A. Manufacturing Call Us for ALL Your Tire Recycling Needs at 763-434-0578

SCRAP TIRE BENEFICIAL USE INFORMATION SHEET FOR STATE AGENCY CUSTOMIZATION

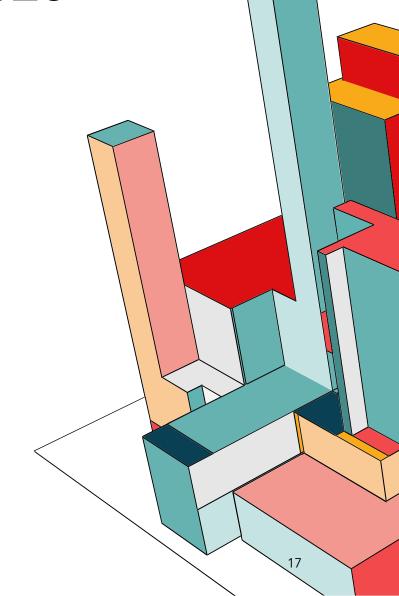




USSTW GOALS COMMITTEE - 2023

Engagement with US EPA

 Identify Opportunities for State Programs to Benefit from US Legislative Initiatives



ENGAGEMENT WITH US EPA

EPA's Web Archive: This content is not maintained and may no longer apply.

For current information, click on the EPA logo to visit epa.gov.

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



Wastes Home

Materials Home

Scrap Tires Home

Basic Information

Where You Live

Laws/Statutes

Grants/Funding

Science/Technology Publications

Scrap Tire Workgroup

Information Resources

Laws & Regulations

Educational Materials

Planet Protectors
for Kids logo

Markets

Resource Conservation Home Commo<u>n Wastes and</u>

Wastes - Resource Conservation - Common Wastes & Materials - Scrap Tires

You are here: EPA Home » Wastes » Resource Conservation » Common Wastes & Materials » Scrap Tires » Basic Information

Basic Information

Markets and Uses for Scrap Tires | Landfill Disposal | Stockpiles and Illegal Dumping | Scrap Tire Cleanup Guide | State and Local Governments | Health and Environmental Concerns

At the end of 2003, the US generated approximately 290 million scrap tires. Historically, these scrap tires took up space in landfills or provided breeding grounds for mosquitoes and rodents when stockpiled or illegally dumped. Fortunately, markets now exist for 80.4% of these scrap tires are still stockpiled or landfilled, however.

In 2003, markets for scrap tires were consuming 233 million, or 80.4%, of the 290 million annually generated scrap tires:

- 130 million (44.7%) are used as fuel
- . 56 million (19.4%) are recycled or used in civil engineering projects
- . 18 million (7.8%) are converted into ground rubber and recycled into products
- . 12 million (4.3%) are converted into ground rubber and used in rubber-modified asphalt
- 9 million (3.1%) are exported*
- . 6.5 million (2.0 %) are recycled into cut/stamped/punched products
- . 3 million (1.7%) are used in agricultural and miscellaneous uses

Another 16.5 million scrap tires are retreaded. After any retreading has been performed, 290 million scrap tires are generated. About 27 million scrap tires (9.3%) are estimated to be disposed of in landfills or monofills. (Source: Rubber Manufacturers Association, 2004.)

*Many scrap tires are exported to foreign countries to be reused as retreads, especially in countries with growing populations of automobile drivers such as Japan and Mexico. According to Mexico's National Association of Tire Distributors, as many as 20% of tires sold in Mexico are imported as used tires from the US and then retreaded for reuse. Some foreign countries also import tires to be shredded and used as crumb rubber, or to be used as fuel. Unfortunately, not all exported tires are reused or recycled. The downside of exporting scrap tires is that the receiving countries may end up with a disproportionate amount of tires, in addition to their own internally-generated scrap tires.

Markets and Uses for Scrap Tires

Scrap tires are used in a number of applications. From 1990 through 2003, the total number of scrap tires going to market increased from 11 million (24.5%) of the 223 million generated to 233 million (80.4%) of the 290 million generated.

The three larnest coran tire markets are:

"Over 75% of scrap tires are recycled or are beneficially used for fuel





18

ENGAGEMENT WITH US EPA

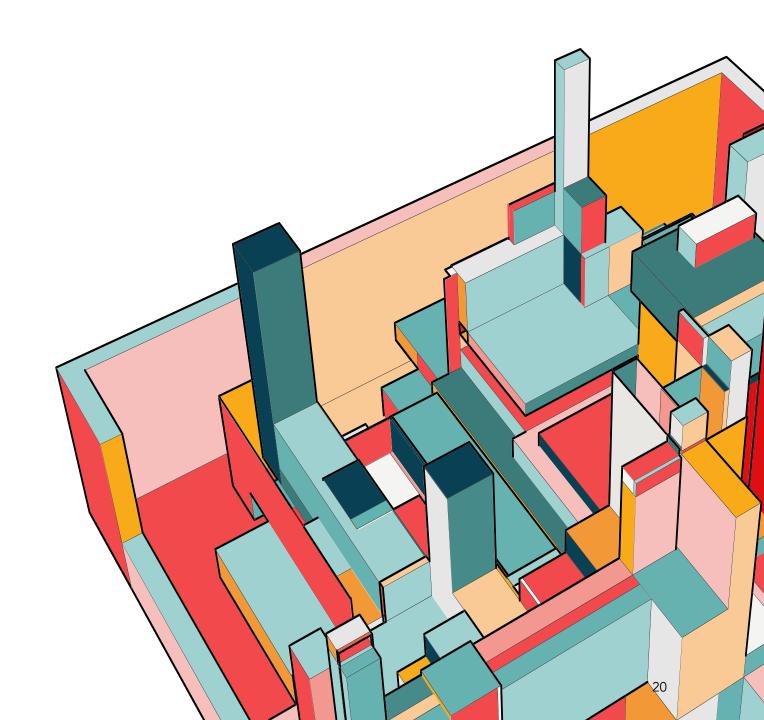
- Find a liaison between USSTW and USEPA
- Request that a member of USEPA join USSTW
- Provide information for USEPA Initiatives by surveying USSTW

 Examine available federal scrap tire data collection and the prospect of a national portal for comprehensive, consistent scrap tire data collection

IDENTIFY OPPORTUNITIES FOR STATE PROGRAMS TO BENEFIT FROM US LEGISLATIVE INITIATIVES

 Infrastructure and Investment Jobs Act

Inflation Reduction Act



GOALS COMMITTEE

Please fee free to contact me at

Channon Cohen-Denson channon.cohen@epa.ohio.gov 614-728-5353



US Scrap Tire Workgroup 2022 Annual Meeting

Hosted by the Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment

November 7, 2022

Ground Rubber Committee



Uses for Ground/Crumb Rubber

- Molded and other tire-derived products
- Rubberized pavement
- Synthetic turf infill
- Playgrounds (loose fill, poured-in-place and tiles)



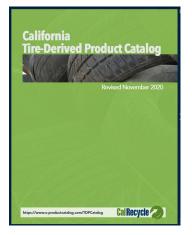
California Tire Derived Product (TDP) Catalog

Online, interactive catalog

Designed to bring awareness about broad range of products made from

recycled tires

https://www.e-productcatalog.com/TDPCatalog/





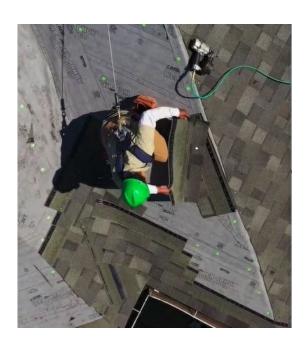
Tire-Derived Product Examples













What's Happening?

- Current Market
 - Still experiencing post-pandemic challenges
 - Transportation challenges
 - Workforce challenges
 - First time, USTMA report shows that crumb rubber has beat out TDF by slim margin
 - Molded/Extruded market are largest users



Ground Rubber Committee Members

Nicholas Amante, State of California Amy Brackin, Liberty Tire Recycling Lisa Evans, State of Kentucky Bob Fletcher, State of Tennessee Alle Crampton, State of Tennessee Terry Gray, TAG Resource Recovery Everette Hatcher, State of Arkansas Denise Kennedy, DK Enterprises
Dexter Mathews, Liberty Tire Recycling
Bill Robbins, Rubberform Recycled Products
John Sheerin, US Tire Manufacturers
Association
Mary Sikora, Recycling Research Institute/
Scrap Tire News

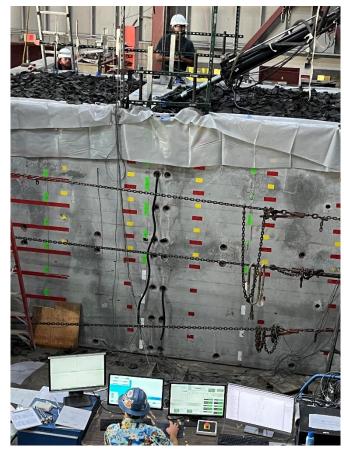


US Scrap Tire Work Group, Civil Engineering Committee Update

PRESENTED BY: Joaquin Wright, GHD Inc.

11/07/22







US STWG Civil Engineering Committee 2022-2023 Objectives

- Maintain forum for open-source sharing of Civil Engineering application information using End of Life Tires(ELTs)
 - Share research and projects among state decision makers involved with ELTs, Tire Derived Aggregate(TDA) and Civil Engineering
- Help to develop public access information for the United States ELT Civil engineering market.
 - Develop public awareness documents about civil uses for ELTs
 - Tire Derived Aggregate (TDA) projects
 - Share public access information centers, and populate them with national examples of ELTs in Civil projects



US STWG Civil Engineering Committee list of currently utilized civil applications

Boat or Ship bumpers
Highway Crash Barriers
Bales for windbreaks
Mechanically Stabilized TDA walls (MSTDA)

TDA fill behind Cast in place and Soldier Pile walls
Lightweight fill and/or insulating layer for road, subgrade
Slope and Bank stabilization, Whole tires and TDA (strength and drainage)

Fill material for water storage, retention, and infiltration

Wastewater treatment media, private and public systems

Vibration mitigation layer (light rail lines)

Chemical sorption for Storm Water constituents of concern mitigation

Compressible layer behind foundations and general Abutments
TDA above and below pipes to reduce strain and/or deflection

TDA in Landfill Applications, Alternative daily cover, LCRS systems, etc.

More civil applications that have historically been applied in the US can be found at, Scrap Tire Research and Education Foundation at Stref.org/tire-uses





Design for IMPROVED SAFETY FACTOR, COST SAVINGS with TIRE-DERIVED AGGREGATE

- Low unit weight applies smaller vertical stress than conventional backfill
- Lower settlement and increased stability
- Reduces lateral earth pressure to 50% of conventional backfill
- Increases the safety factor of bridge abutments and retaining walls by reducing the lateral load and hydraulic load for civil engineering designs.

...TDA has been successfully used in embankments, bridge abutments, subgrade insulation for roads.















"TDA can reduce lateral load and pressures twice more than conventional aggregate, in backfilling walls, bridge abutments." (Tweedie et al. 1998)











HIGH VALUE SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONSScan the QR code now to find out more.







California Pavement Preservation Center

California Pavement Preservation Center Tire Engineering Research Center Tire Engineering Research Center TTC's TDA Project Database for CalRecycle (3 Introduction of TDA TDA Training Module: Introduction TDA Brochure TDA Environmental Testing and Earthquake Safety TDA Low Cost Vibration Mitigation About Us Pavement Preservation Task Group Innovation Database Pavement Preservation Treatment Database (PPTDB) Strategy Selection Program **Educational Opportunities** Resources & Partnerships CP2C Newsletters Library Finles. Civil Engineering Contact Information

Our Office &

Langdon, Room 203 530-898-5114

Regular Hours

8 a.m.-5 p.m. Monday-Friday

Mailing Address

California Pavement Preservation Center 400 W. First St. Chico, CA 95929–0603 CP2C TIRE ENGINEERING RESEARCH CENTER

Tire Engineering Research Center



California's Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) established the Tire Derived Aggregate Technology Center (TTC) at the California State University, Chico on March 1, 2012. Since then, the TTC has provided many services to CalRecycle and its partners.

The purpose of TTC is to assist CalRecycle in increasing the use of TDA in civil engineering applications. Through the Center, the California State University, Chico Research Foundation shall provide support to both private and public

engineers to gain acceptance of TDA as a viable civil engineering construction material and thereby create more opportunities for TDA projects.

The material testing services aspect of the TTC will support CalRecycle and local agencies by investigating and testing the engineering properties of TDA and rubberized asphalt concrete (RAC) that are necessary to ensure the performance of these materials in civil engineering applications.

Mission Statement

The Center has two major missions: one is to provide technical support to the State, local agencies, and professionals on how to use TDA in their projects; the other one is to develop educational materials for university education on using TDA in civil engineering applications.

TDA Projects Database

You can click on TDA <u>Database</u> [™] to access some major TDA projects, which have been built in California.

TDA Training Videos

You can click on video link to view an introduction to TDA.

You can click on video link to view TDA - A Sustainable Road Repair Solution.

You can click on video link to view TDA Environmental Testing and Earthquake Safety.

You can click on video link to view TDA as a low-cost vibration mitigation material.

TDA Online Training Program

CalRecycle and TTC have developed a TDA Online Training Program ☑.

TDA Resources

You can click on Grant ☐ page link to view the latest CalRecycle's TDA grant program.

You can click on CalRecycle of TDA information page link to view information about CalRecycle's TDA program.

You can click on TDA Brochure to view the latest CalRecycle's TDA Brochure.

You can click on this report link (PDF) to view a Mechanically Stabilized TDA summary and design guide.

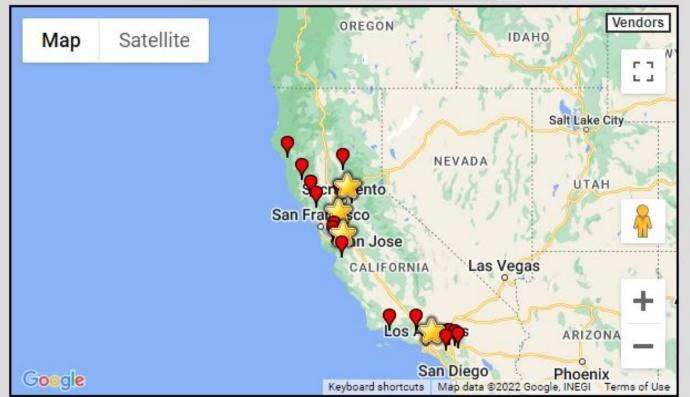


TIRE DERIVED AGGREGATE

PROJECT DATABASE









TIRE DERIVED AGGREGATE PROJECT DATABASE







View TDA Project			
Type of TDA	Landslide Repair	Project Title 1	Marina Drive Landslide Repair
ls it an Experimental Feature?	No	District	1
Project Status	Completed		
City	Calpella	Country	
Start Construction Date	08-20-2007	End Construction Date	11-02-2007
Project Input Date	06-12 00:00:00-2012		
Project Locations	site-1 39.234734,-123.1843555 39.23524091671426,-12		
Number of tires	133,000		
Total Cost of Project	740,000	_	
Click to Show on Map	Map Satellite		Vendors
			4
			+ -
	Google	Keyboard shortcuts Map dat	a \$2022 Google Terms of Use Report a map erro

US STWG Civil Engineering Committee

- Forum for sharing of Civil Engineering applications using End of Life Tires(ELTs)
- Help to develop public access information for the United States ELT Civil engineering community.
 - •Meeting Schedule 2022 2023, December 5th, 2022, April 3rd, August 7th, December 4th, 2023
 - (First Monday of the respective months) 8:30 am -9:30am PST



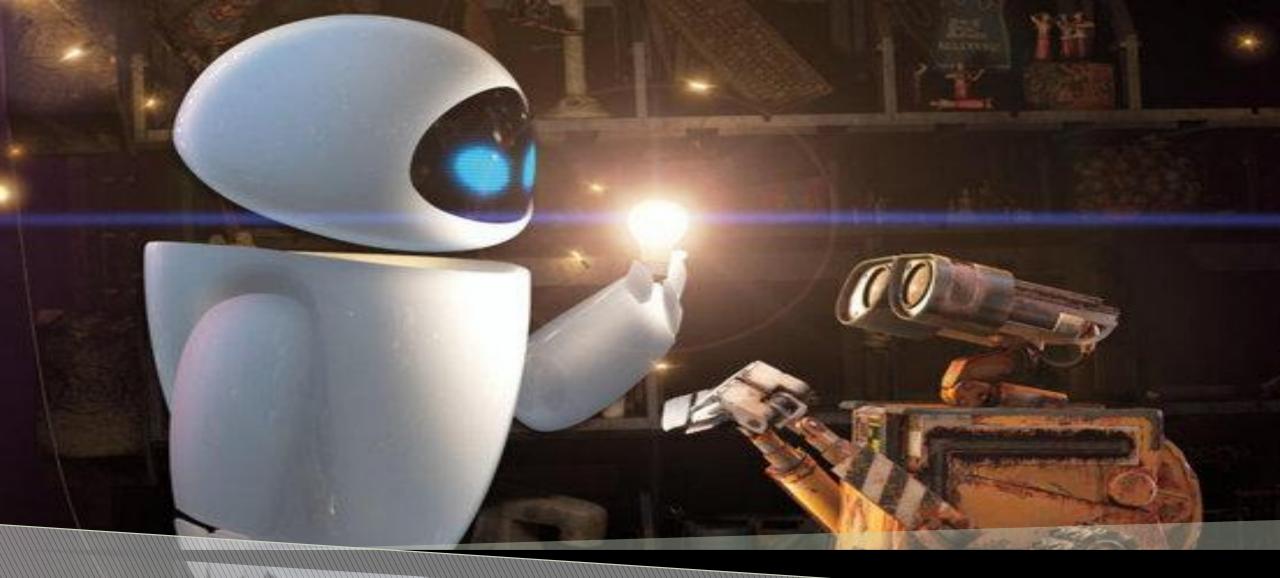
<u>Introduction of TDA – California Pavement Preservation Center – CSU, Chico (csuchico.edu)</u>



Please contact me with any questions you may have.

Joaquin Wright, Sustainable Resource Engineer, TDA specialist Joaquin.wright@ghd.com, 707 303 4850





TDF and Export Subcommittee US Scrap Tire Workgroup Meeting

NO CALLS THIS YEAR.



SADNESS!

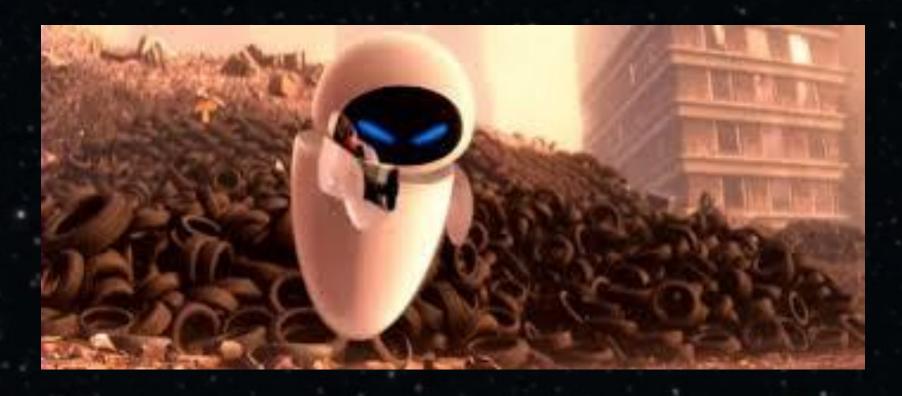
Photo credit: flicker.com

BUT WE STILL GET TO TALK



HAPPINESS!

TARGETED A PROJECT



Subcommittee Project

What a new user needs to know about TDF:

So you are considering using Tire Derived Fuel (TDF). TDF is a high BTU, low cost, sustainable alternative fuel. It has low air emissions and a long history of use. It does require coordination with state environmental agencies on permitting, and feeding logistics are important, but the economics often make it well worth your while.

GOALS OF THE COMMITTEE

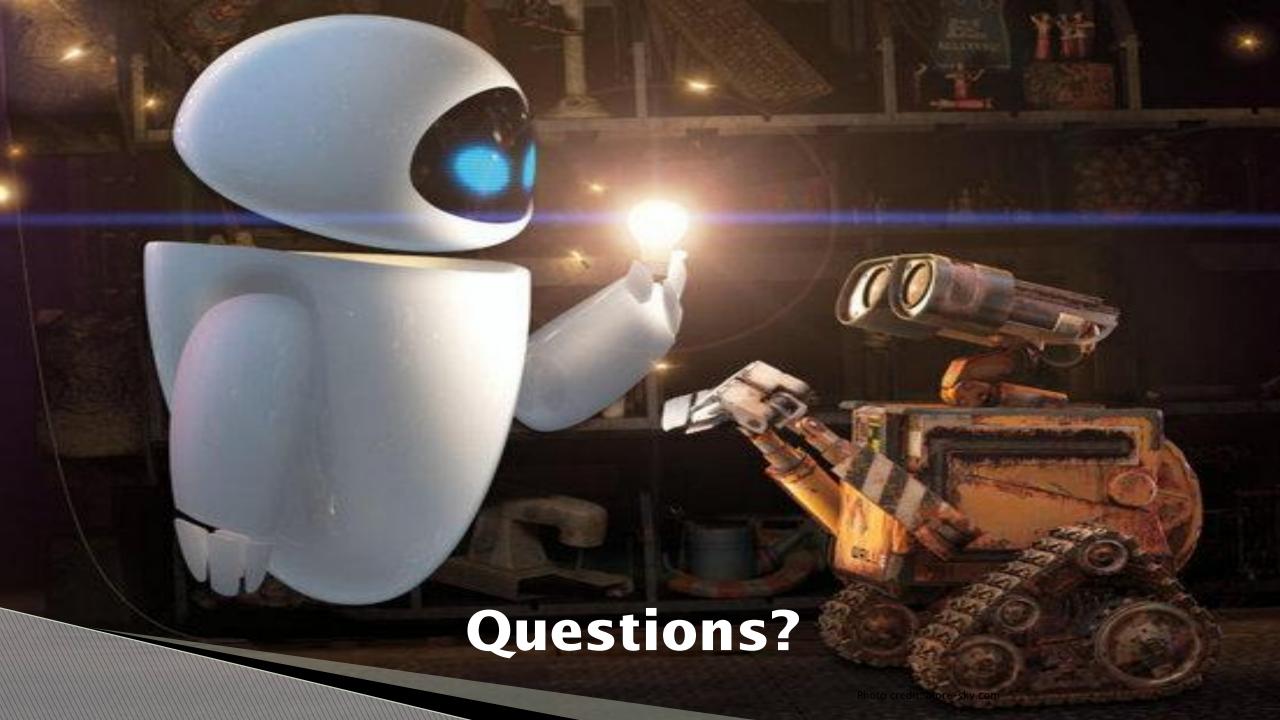
- Finalize the outline.
- Start filling in the details.
- Polish up the document.





Go Pokes!!! 😂





Contact Information

Kole Kennedy 405-702-5177 Kole.kennedy@deq.ok.gov









U.S. Scrap Tire Workgroup Meeting

Enforcement Committee Report

Nov. 7, 2022

Lori Freeman
Compliance Branch Chief
IDEM, Office of Land Quality





Enforcement Committee

Members:

- Shana Baker CO DPHE
- Dexter Matthews Liberty Tire Recycling
- Tara Grazier DE DNREC
- Alex Clark MI DEQ
- Dan Werner WI DNR
- Jessica Price SC DHEC
- John Sheerin USTMA
- Scott Zajac MI DEQ
- Lori Freeman IDEM





Committee Goal

To assist states with their enforcement/compliance issues by developing general BMPs/educational campaigns that can be modified and used by individual states.





Committee Project

New project for 2021-2022: Anti-dumping awareness campaign

Goal: Provide states with post cards covering a variety of topics to assist in compliance efforts.

- Post cards should be editable and provide convenient locations for states to add appropriate citations.
- Post cards should be general to better enable them to be used by a variety of states.





Potential Post Card Topics

- "Where are your tires going? does your state require the use of registered/permitted facilities?"
- Number of tires requiring a registration/permit
- Definition of open dumping
- Fire hazards
- Vector attractants





Where are your tires going?

Where are your tires going?

- Waste tires are Select or type choice. in landfills in Type state name here. (Type citation).
- Waste tires Select or type choice. transported by Select or type choice (Type citation.).
- Waste tires Select or type choice. be taken to List types of facilities. (Insert citation.).
- You must have a Select or type choice. if you Select or type choice waste/scrap tires in Type state name (Insert citation).
 - Financial assurance may be a requirement (see above citation to determine if it is necessary for your type of facility).

Questions concerning waste/scrap tires can be directed to:Insert contact info.







Post card content

- The content in the boxes include the option select from a drop down list and/or type a more specific choice.
- Drop down choices were selected from the survey the enforcement committee completed in 2020





Contact Information

Lori Freeman

Compliance Branch Chief

Office of Land Quality

Indiana Department of Environmental Management

(317) 232-8857 <u>Ifreeman@idem.IN.gov</u>



Rubber Modified Asphalt

Subcommittee

Kirsten Clemens, Ashley Jenkins, BJ Bland, Blake Nelson, Dexter Matthews, Kirk Mitchell, Mark Belshe, Matthew Chandler

Part I: Upcoming Michigan RMA Study

Partners:

Resource Recycling Systems

Lawrence Technological University

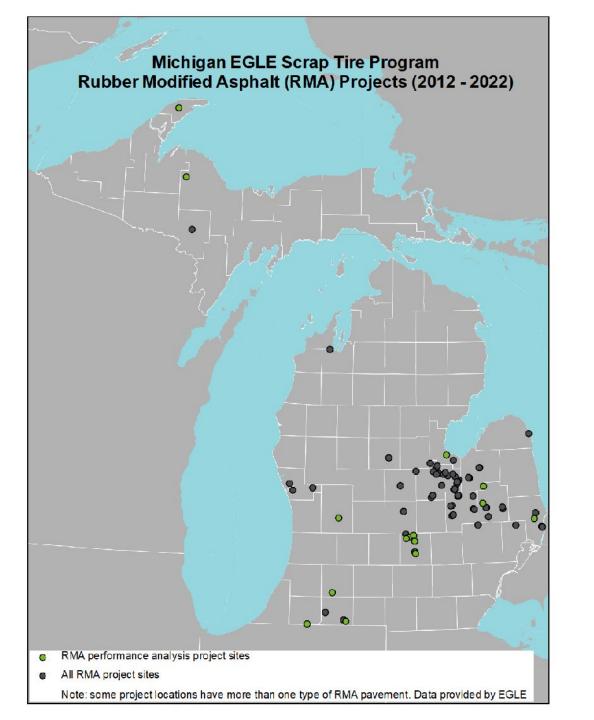
Michigan State University

Michigan Technological University

The Problem

- Laboratory studies have shown that carefully adding scrap tire rubber and nylon fiber can improve flexible pavement performance in the field.
- The pavement performance predictions show that adding rubber could improve the ride quality, fatigue cracking, and rutting performance compared with conventional hot-mix asphalt (HMA).
- The applications of rubber paving materials have met with various degrees of success.
- The failures result from inexperience with crumb rubber technology in project selection, design engineering, and construction decisions.
- The overarching research indicates that rubber-modified asphalt extends pavement life.
- Several factors, including construction, mix design, environment, and RMA technology, can impact pavement performance.





Objectives

This study aims to summarize the RMA's historical performance in Michigan. It evaluates pavement performance, cost per ton, traffic volumes, aggregate types, construction types, and different RMA technologies for about 40 test sections constructed between 2012 and 2019.

Specific objectives are to:

- Develop RMA performance evaluation criteria and approach
- Provide technical assistance in classifying the portfolio of RMA projects
- Support the analysis of lessons learned, success factors, and executive summary for EGLE



Recommendations

- RMA technologies are viable options for rehabilitation and reconstructed pavements.
- The use of rubber in chip seals is cost-effective and can make it a suitable maintenance option for low-volume roads.
- Inconsistency of RAP aggregates can cause variable RMA performance; however, the use of RAP can be more cost-effective.
- Overall, the pavement section with RMA performed slightly better than the control sections; however, the results are not statistically significant.
- Also, the RMA can cost 10% more than the traditional HMA, and conducting a life cycle assessment (LCA) to justify such technologies from a sustainability and environmental benefits perspective.
- The LCA results can produce Environmental Products Declaration (EPD) by reporting multiple ecological impacts.



Results — Satisfaction Survey

- The majority (67%) of respondents did not identify any construction-related issue and did not make extra efforts to achieve densities for the RMA test sections.
- Most (78%) users believe that RMA costs are 10% higher than HMA materials, while 11% think that prices are comparable between RMA and HMA materials.
- The majority (84%) think RMA performance is better or similar to HMA materials. Only 17% believe that RMA performs worse than HMA materials.
- Also, most stakeholders (84%) think RMA needs less or similar maintenance to HMA layers.
- The majority (95%) of agency staff showed a willingness to use RMA technology.
- The majority believes that state funding is required to facilitate the use and implementation of RMA technology in Michigan.



Part II: Moving to Markets

Challenges and Possibilities

Michigan's Model - Grass Roots... Flip the pyramid – we stopped starting at the top.

- Michigan started talking to grantees that had previously installed RMA projects.
- Most organizations are looking for solutions to maintain their road infrastructure and are willing to think outside the box.
- Their successes start making other agencies take notice.

Teamwork makes the Dream work

- For the future

 Assemble a Dream Team and work together!
 - Rubber Processors that are heavily involved in providing material for RMA
 - RMA Technology producers (terminal blend, dry & wet process, chip seal)
 - University Partners
 - NCAT/NRRA
 - USTMA/USSTWG
- Provide information to state DOTs, USDOT & FHWA
 - Show them our many successes!
 - Get them involved.

NEEDS

• **NEEDED:** Electronic scrap tire manifesting system (similar to the uniform hazardous waste manifest). Knowing where the tires are coming from and going to is valuable information.

• **NEEDED:** Website to share RMA/RMCS technology. Sharing data would lead to adoption.

• CHALLENGES? These are difficult to fund on a state-by-state basis. Where can we get the money/staff for these two items.

100 Miles of Rubber Modified Chip Seal

Video produced by Entech and RRS with EGLE support.

A special thank you to our County Road Commission partners for allowing us to demonstrate this material on their public roads.

• https://drive.google.com/file/d/1cqMKHPgSE2dhXddegr803Aw8XKe5ZyMT/view

Acronyms Used in this presentation

- NCAT <u>Test Track at Auburn University</u>
- NRRA <u>Test Track at Minnesota DOT</u>
- RMA Rubber Modified Asphalt
- RMCS Rubber Modified Chip Seal
- TDA Tire Derived Aggregate
- USTMA US Tire Manufacturers Association
- USSTWG US Scrap Tire Workgroup



Mobilizing the Future

2021 US Scrap Tire Management Summary November, 2022

About the U.S. Tire Manufacturers Association

The U.S. Tire Manufacturers Association (USTMA) is the national trade association for tire manufacturers that produce tires in the U.S. U.S. tire manufacturing has an annual economic footprint of \$170.6 billion and is responsible for more than 291,000 U.S. jobs in manufacturing, distribution and retailing. The industry supports more than 510,000 additional U.S. jobs in supplier and induced activities, totaling more than 801,000 jobs nationwide. USTMA advances a sustainable tire manufacturing industry through thought leadership and a commitment to science-based public policy advocacy. Our member company tires make mobility possible. USTMA began its scrap tire program in 1990 under the auspices of the Scrap Tire Management Council. USTMA works with all stakeholders, including states, U.S. EPA and the industry to develop markets, reduce scrap tire stockpiles and implement state regulations that that foster sustainable scrap tire markets. USTMA supports sustainable and circular scrap tire markets.



























USTMA Sustainability Vision

- USTMA members share a common vision on sustainability which includes:
 Promoting tire safety; advancing worker safety; reducing greenhouse gas emissions throughout a tire's useful life; improving environmental footprints over time; minimizing the health, and environmental impacts of tire materials; and ensuring scrap tires enter sustainable markets.
- Specifically, USTMA members have the goal that all scrap tires enter sustainable and circular end use markets.
- USTMA's 2021 scrap tire market summary report measures our progress towards meeting our sustainability vision.

US Scrap Tire Generation 2021

Tire Class	Millions of Tires	Market %	Average Weight (lbs)	Weight (thousands of tons)
Light Duty Tires	276	87.6%	25.0	3,454
Passenger tire replacements	225	71.3%		
Light truck tire replacements	39	12.2%		
Tires from scrapped vehicles	13	4.1%		
Commercial Tires	39	12.4%	120.0	2,342
Medium, wide base, heavy truck replacement tires	23	7.3%		
Tires from scrapped trucks and buses	16	5.1%		
Total tires hauled	315	100.0%	36.8	5,796
Used tires culled	42	13.2%	36.8	765
Net scrap tires	274			5,031

² Earlier USTMA Scrap Tire Management Summary reports used Ward's Motor Vehicle Facts and Figures, scrapped vehicle data to calculate the number of scrapped vehicles. Ward's discontinued publishing this data in 2014 creating the need for a new approach. For the 2019 Scrap Tire Management Summary report, USTMA utilized the ratio of vehicles scrapped to vehicles sold for years 2000-2014 and applied that ratio to 2019 vehicle sales to produce the number of scrapped vehicles. USTMA estimated the split between cars and trucks/buses based on the average of split from Wards for 2002 -2012. This data assumes 2 tires scrapped from light duty vehicles and 2.5 tires scrapped from trucks and buses. Source of vehicle scrapped data, US DOT Bureau to Automotive Statistics, Table 4-58: Motor Vehicles Scrapped (May 21, 2017) https://www.bts.gov/archive/publications/national_transportation_statistics/table_04_58. Source of vehicle retail sales in the United States from 1978 to 2019 data, Wards Motor Vehicle Facts and Figures .



U.S. Scrap Tire Disposition 2021

Market or Disposition	Thousands of Tons	Millions of Tires	% change 2019 - 2021
Tire-Derived Fuel	1,394	76	-15.4%
Cement Kilns	682	37	-16.4%
Paper & Pulp	524	29	8.8%
Electric Utilities	187	10	-46.3%
Ground Rubber	1,407	77	29.2%
Civil Engineering	276	15	22.2%
Exported	87	5	-36.7%
Electric Arc Furnace	61	3	0.0%
Reclamation Projects	48	3	18.8%
Agricultural	0	0	-100.0%
Baled Tires/ Market	0	0	-100.0%
Punched/ Stamped	0	0	-100.0%
Other	306	17	121.1%
Total to Market	3,579	195	5.9%
Generated	5,031	274	12.7%
% to Market/ Utilized	71%	71%	-6.0%
Land Disposed	733	40	7.7%
% Managed (includes Market, Baled, and Landfill)	86%	86%	-5.8%



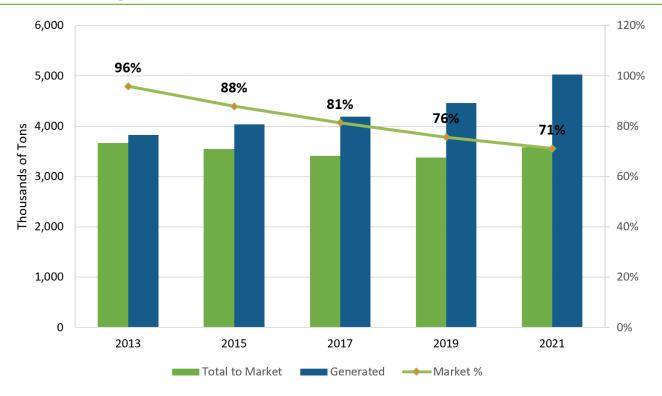
U.S. Scrap Tire Market Summary 2013 – 2021

Market or Disposition (thousands of tons)	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021
Tire Derived Fuel	2,120	1,923	1,736	1,647	1,394
Ground Rubber	975	1,021	1,013	1,089	1,407
Land Disposed	328	451	647	680	733
Civil Engineering	172	275	316	226	276
Exported	246	102	110	138	87
Reclamation Projects	49	53	44	40	48
Electric Arc Furnace	66	26	39	61	61
Baled Tires/ Market	30	9	15	10	0
Punched/ Stamped	2	41	23	10	0
Agricultural	7	7	7	20	0
Other	0	95	108	138	306
Total to Market	3,667	3,551	3,411	3,379	3,579
Generated	3,824	4,039	4,189	4,464	5,031
% to Market/ Utilized	96%	88%	81%	76%	71%
% Managed (incl. baled and landfilled tires)	104%	99%	97%	91%	86%

The U.S. Scrap Tire Management Summary began tracking tires culled from scrap tire collection entering domestic passenger and light truck used tire markets in 2009 by including used tires as a market for scrap tires. The U.S. Scrap Tire Management Summary now subtracts used tires from the total tires hauled to calculate total net scrap tire generation, a practice that began with the 2011 edition In 2005 and 2007, annual scrap tire generation estimates were based on state-provided data. Now, these estimates are based on a calculation of replacement market tires sold and vehicles scrapped, a practices that began with the 2009 edition.

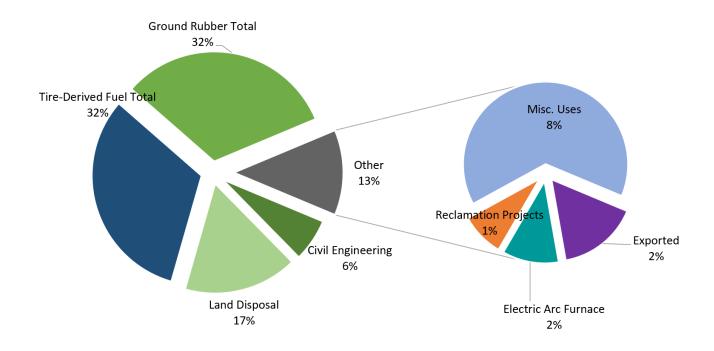


U.S. Scrap Tire Market Trends 2013 - 2021



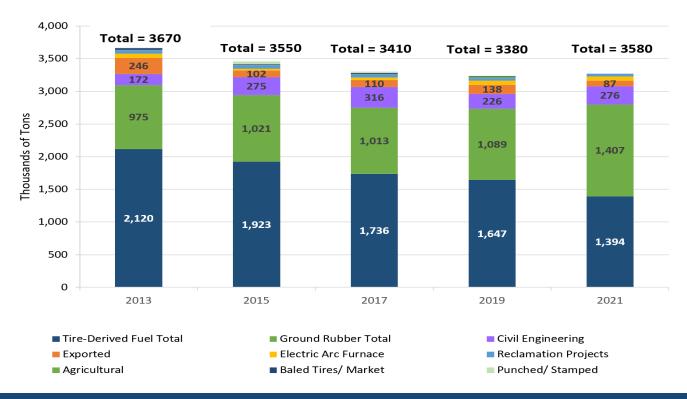


U.S. Scrap Tire Disposition 2021



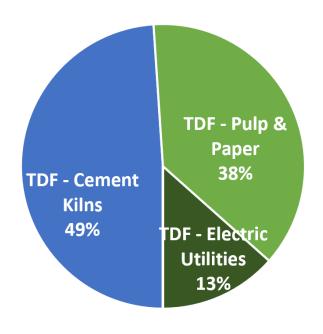


U.S. Scrap Tire Market Trends 2013 – 2021



*The U.S. Scrap Tire
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U.S. Tire Derived Fuel Markets 2021

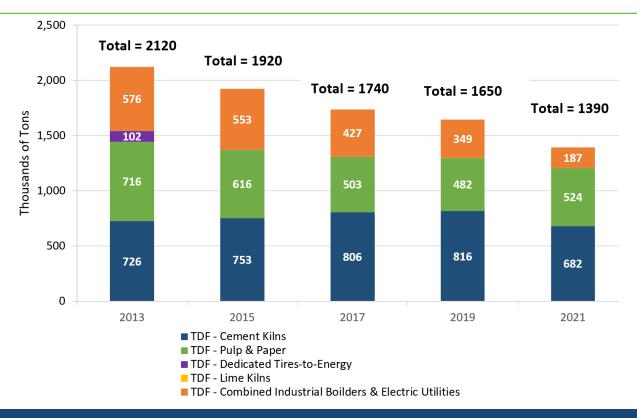


Did you know?

Total scrap tires diverted to TDF market:

1,390,000 tons or over 76 million tires

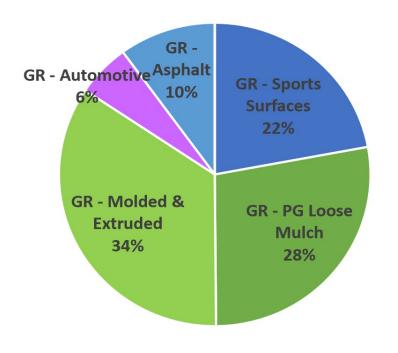
U.S. Tire Derived Fuel Market Trends 2013 -2021





U.S. Ground Rubber Markets 2021

(percent of total pounds of scrap tires consumed in market)



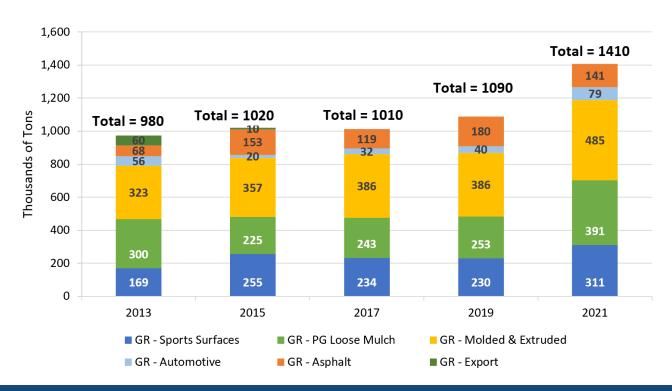
Did you know?

Total scrap tires diverted to ground rubber markets:

About 1,410,000 tons or over 77 million tires

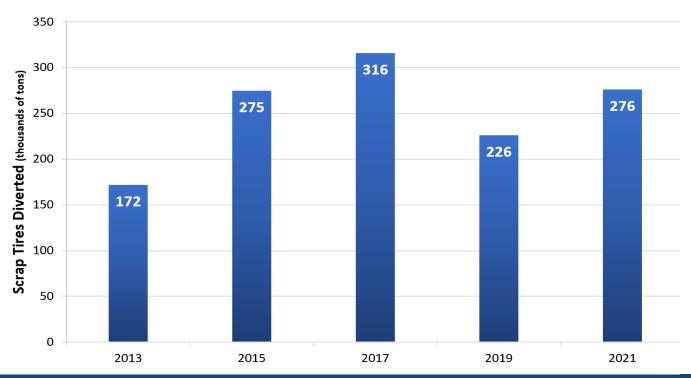


U.S. Ground Rubber Market Distribution 2013 - 2021



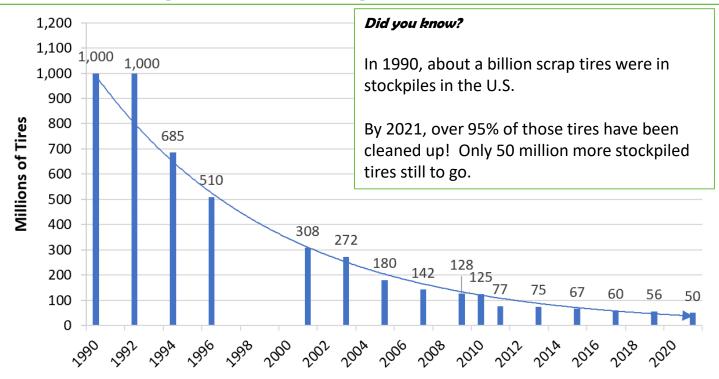


U.S. Civil Engineering Markets 2013 - 2021



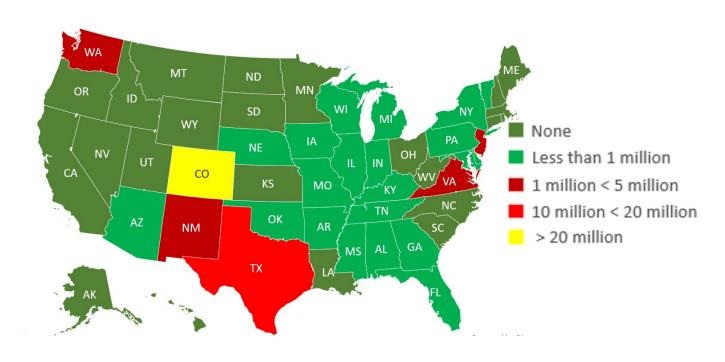


U.S. Stockpiled Scrap Tires 1990 - 2021

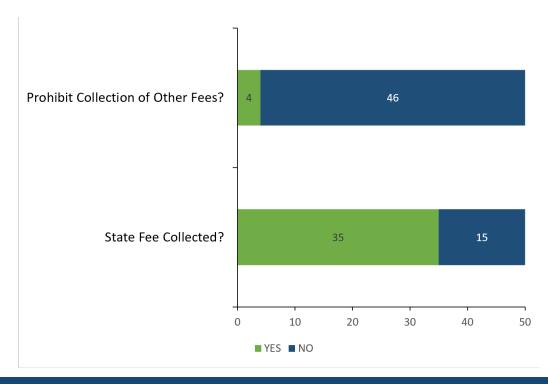




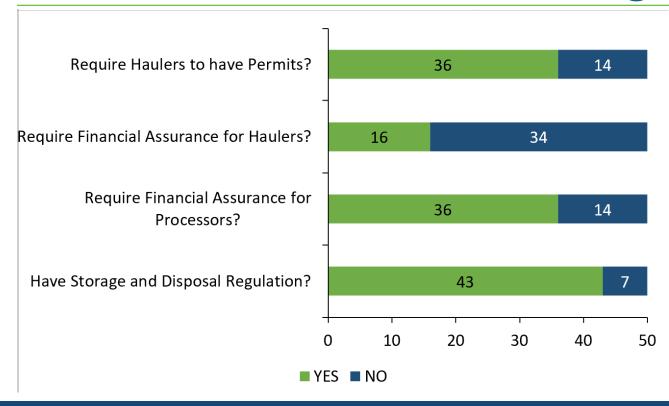
Stockpiled Tires Remaining in the U.S. 2021



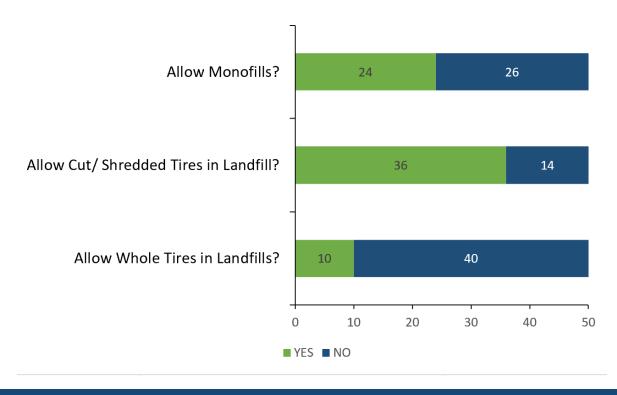
CO: Includes 50% of its monofill inventory



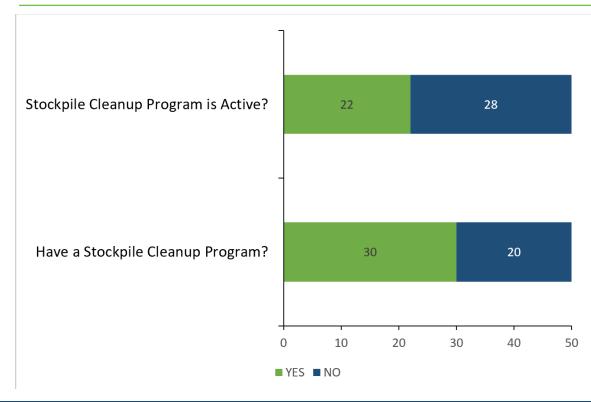














Key Actions for the Future

- Since markets are not keeping pace with generation, we need to develop and grow markets. Scrap tire recycling is demand driven
- Strong markets discourage illegal dumping and stockpiles
- USTMA remains committed to working with all stakeholders including value chain partners, states, academia, NGOs to achieve 100% recycling into sustainable and circular end use markets
- Scrap Tires offer infrastructure solutions historic opportunity
- States should utilize New Tire Fees for market development including grants and demonstration projects and research to fill data gaps
- We support an EPA portal to collect consistent, accurate, real time recycling data

USTMA Next Steps

- Collaboration
- Research
- Market Development specifically Rubber Modified Asphalt and TDA for infrastructure projects
- Supporting State Programs



Presentation Prepared for US Scrap Tire Workgroup

November 7, 2022





ISO 9001:2015 Certified Company





Founded in 2011, our vision is to deliver circular solutions that will transform manufacturing sustainability worldwide.

Our mission is threefold:

- 1. Significantly reduce landfilling
- 2. Drastically cut emissions, water, and energy usage
- 3. Create local jobs in an emerging industry

We convert end-of-life tires and scrap rubber into our sustainable products: BolderBlack® and BolderOilTM

- Proven proprietary process utilizes 98% of every scrap tire: 98% less CO2,
 less water and energy compared to virgin carbon black
- ISO 9001 Certified, ISCC PLUS Certified, and a Certified B Corp
- We partner with customers and organizations committed to sustainability and ESG



Our Circular Solution

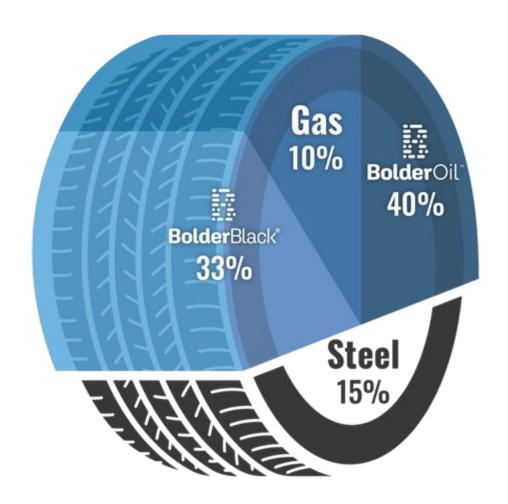
Bolder Industries proprietary process recovers 98% of the tire, delivering two primary products

BolderBlack[®]

Sustainable alternative to virgin carbon black used in everything from phone cases to high-performance tires.

BolderOil™

Sustainable petrochemical used in solvents, renewable fuels, and as a feedstock for carbon black oil (CBO).



BolderBlack®

Commercially-proven alternative to virgin carbon black (vCB)

- BolderBlack is a sustainable product sourced from post-consumer rubber by Thermal Depolymerization
- Delivers circular solution to customers, used alone or blended with furnace carbon black in numerous rubber, plastic, and liquid applications



- BolderBlack successfully formulated into several tire compounds
- BolderBlack is comparable to vCB up to 50% loading without affecting the rubber properties in the side wall and inner liner
- Reduces hysteresis (heat build-up) and provides similar reinforcement to N772/N660 vCB (virgin carbon black)
- More cost effective than vCB

Manufactured Rubber Goods (MRG)

- Superior performance in numerous industrial and automotive applications (EPDM, SBR, Neoprene for belts, hoses, anti-vibration, diaphragms, etc.)
- Used to keep dust and moisture out, reduce noise, or stabilize items in place
- Delivers UV resistance, reinforcement, and low PAH



Plastics, Inks & Coatings

- Provides tint strength similar to N330 vCB
- Superior blue tone when compared to vCB
- Delivers Low PAH and UV resistance

BolderBlack is the leading sustainable rCB in the market



BolderOil™

BolderOil delivers circular solutions for specialty chemicals, petrochemicals, and oil & gas industries

- Delivers sustainability for high-demand markets
- 1 scrap tire = One gallon of BolderOil
- Cost effective and stable pricing—decoupled from oil & gas indices



- Sustainable petrochemical feedstock with a wide variety of applications
- Supports circularity efforts of chemical manufacturers that supply sustainability-focused customers
- Proven as a renewable fuel

BolderOil Light

- Sustainable aromatic organic solvent
- Reduces paraffin wax deposition in production equipment, transportation vessels, and down-hole applications
- High-performance substitute for Xylene and Toluene for asphaltene and wax dissolution



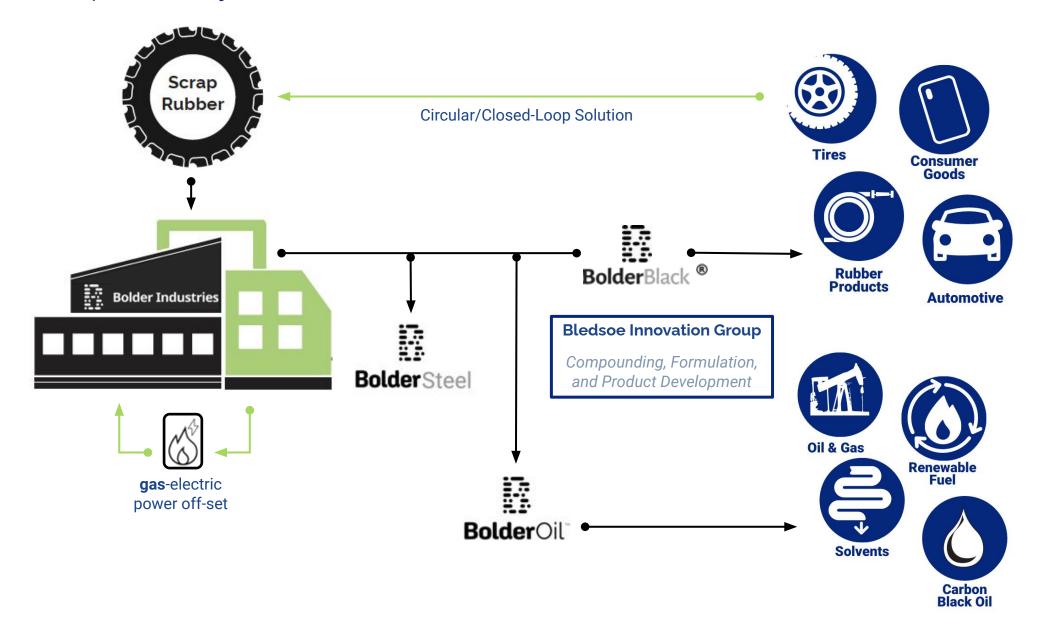
BolderOil Heavy

- Feedstock for production of sustainable, ASTM-grade virgin carbon blacks
- Compatible with Carbon Black Oil (CBO)
- Increases tire and rubber circularity
- Price independent of CBO and heavy fuel oil indices

BolderOil delivers circularity for massive petrochemical and oil & gas markets



Proprietary Process, Proven Products, IP Protected



ESG Benefits and Environmental Savings



96% Less **CO**₂



98% Less **Water**



61% Less **kWh**



40-50 CleanTech Jobs Savings compared to virgin carbon black production and based on the annual production of a 3-Reactor Bolder Industries facility.

3,233,120
Tires diverted from landfills





255,927,502

fewer gallons of H₂O used

equivalent to

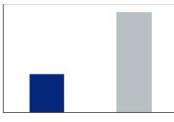
2,729,893,351

12 oz water bottles

98%

Less H₂O used





28,286,445

less kWh power used

equivalent to

2,587

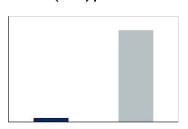
fewer U.S. homes of electricity

61%

Less electricity used



CO2 (tons) produced



83,143

fewer tons CO2 emitted

equivalent to

17,095

fewer cars on the road

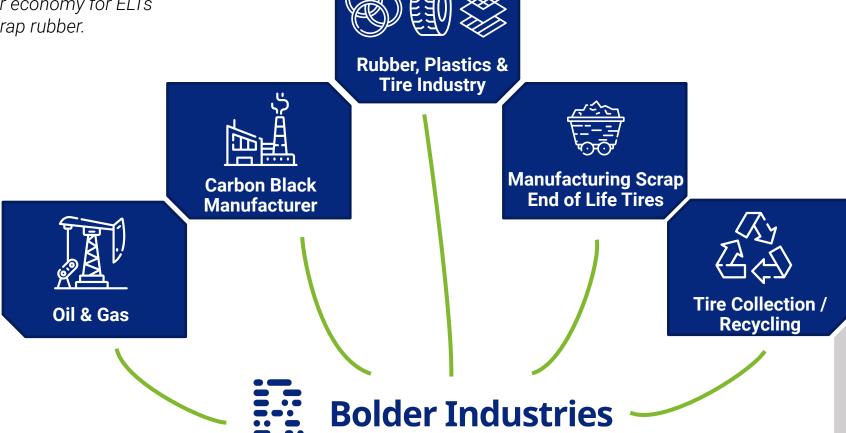
96%

Less CO₂ emissions



Bolder Industries Closed Loop Cycle

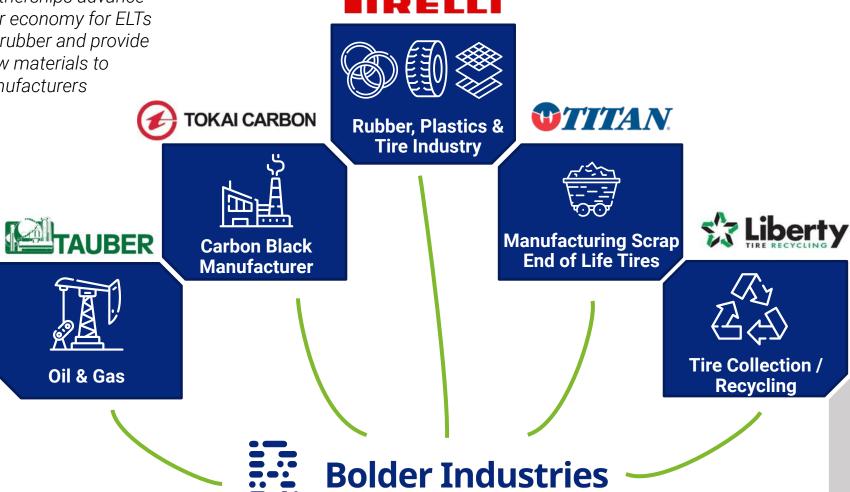
Bolder closes the loop and creates cross-industry partnerships to advance the circular economy for ELTs and scrap rubber.





Collaborations Create a Circular Economy

Bolder partnerships advance the circular economy for ELTs and scrap rubber and provide circular raw materials to global manufacturers







3,000+ Proven Product Applications

BolderBlack Applications

Rubber and Plastic Goods

Automotive

Tires

Weatherstripping

Gaskets

Seals

Muffler Hanger

Motor Mounts

Automotive Boots

Grommets

Wire Harnesses

Plugs

Bumpers

Fluid Seals

Transmission Gaskets

Plastics

Flower Pots Agricultural Pipe

Paints

Phone Cases

Liquids

Inks

Coatings/Paints

Commercial / Industrial

Hosing

Tubing

Cables

Conveyor Belting

Roofing Membranes

Drive Belts

Diaphragms

Liners

Wetsuits

Air Ducts

Architectural Seals

BolderOil Applications

Liquid Products

Solvents

Oil Well Cleaning
Tank Cleaning

Chemical Extract

Wax Mitigation

Viscosity Modification

Fuels

Marine Fuels

Transportation Fuels

Blending

Burner Oil

Heavy Oil

Carbon Black Oil

Asphalt Binder Crude Blending



Customer Testimonials



"This is exactly the type of business innovation our industry needs. We can maintain our current collection routes, have insight into our end-of-life tires and have an opportunity to work directly with our current suppliers to purchase sustainably sourced raw materials for our manufacturing. It's a win-win for everyone involved."

– Luiz Polimeno, Global Purchasing Director of Pirelli Tire

patagonia

"This is exactly the next step we've been looking for."

- Hub Hubbard, Patagonia



"Liberty is in constant pursuit of the highest and best use of end-of-life tires. We have been investigating the chemical extraction business for many years and Bolder has proven to be a partner we can rely on to work with us and our customers on a large scale. Bolder and Liberty are aligned in their goals to increase sustainability for waste tires and our new partnership will accelerate the growth and global expansion for both companies in this critically important space."

- Thomas Womble, CEO of Liberty Tire Recycling



"To be able to take something as notoriously synonymous with pollution as an old tire, and repurpose it into literally hundreds of different useful products is an incredible achievement by Bolder Industries. We at Tauber Oil are delighted to have a hand in bringing to market products from our industry such as carbon black feedstock that not only reduce production emissions and natural resource use, but keep millions of tires out of landfills every year."

- David Tauber, Sr., Chairman of Tauber Oil



"Tokai Carbon Company investigates circular solutions for our company and Bolder is a leading company in providing solutions for end-of-life tires. Bolder has assisted Tokai in becoming the world leader in delivering partly sustainable ASTM grade carbon blacks with our use of BolderOil."

- Bill Jones, President of Tokai Carbon Company



Established and Expanding Rapidly





- Commercial scale operations since 2019
- Generating revenue since 2015
- Operating 24/7
- Facility expansion completed Jan 2022
- Operating 2 reactors
- Over 3,000 in-market products using BolderBlack and BolderOil





- 2nd NA facility commercial in 2023
- BolderBlack product expansion will allow access to larger volume, higher value markets (carcass grade, tread grade)
- Geographic location well-suited for access to feedstock and customer delivery





- 3rd EU facility commercial in 2024
- Selected as one of first circular concessionaires from dozens of applicants based upon sustainability and viability
- Superior access to EU customers and access to EMEA
- Provides canal, rail, deep water barge, motorway access
- Permitting phase



Experienced Leadership Team



Tony Wibbeler CEO & Founder





Ryan Carr Chief Financial Officer



Robert Fenwick-Smith Chairman



Nate Murphy Head of Technology



Kevin Brown VP Manufacturing



Michael Murray VP Global Sales







EY Honeywell













Bob Grier VP Operations







Jessica Hogan **VP Communications**





Wim Van den Broeck Director, Project Development





Ken Dunn Director of Sustainability







Leslie Wibbeler VP Human Resources





R. John Nadjafi, Esq. **General Counsel**





Relationships Drive the Circular Economy Forward



















Nate Murphy

Head of Technology

Nate.Murphy@bolderindustries.com

